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Medical Dissertation

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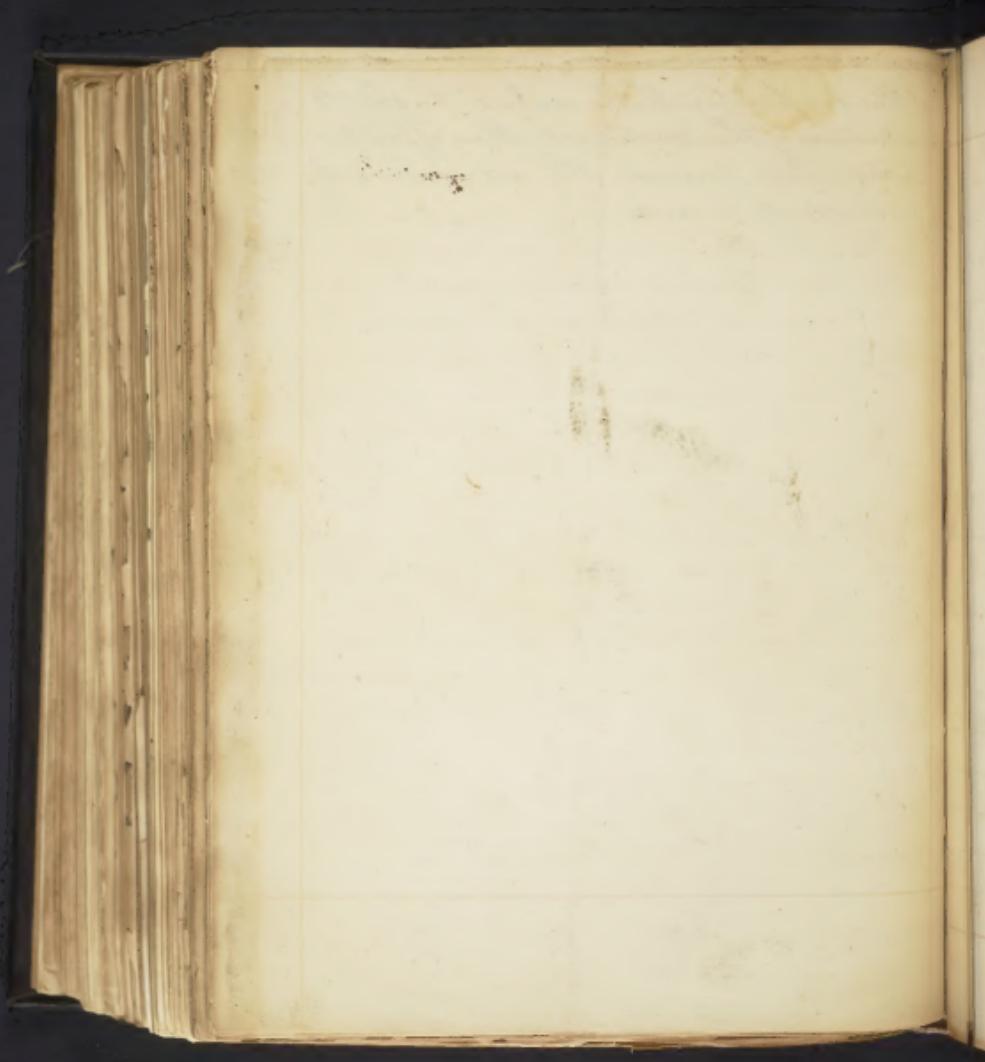
Hepatitis

by

Edward Hatton

of

Virginia



No

Robert A. Smithson M.D.

From a deep sense of the many obligations which I owe to you, for the many indefatigable exertions, in promoting my advancement in the medical profession; I am induced to dedicate this inaugural dissertation, as the strongest testimony of my sincere regard, and esteem.

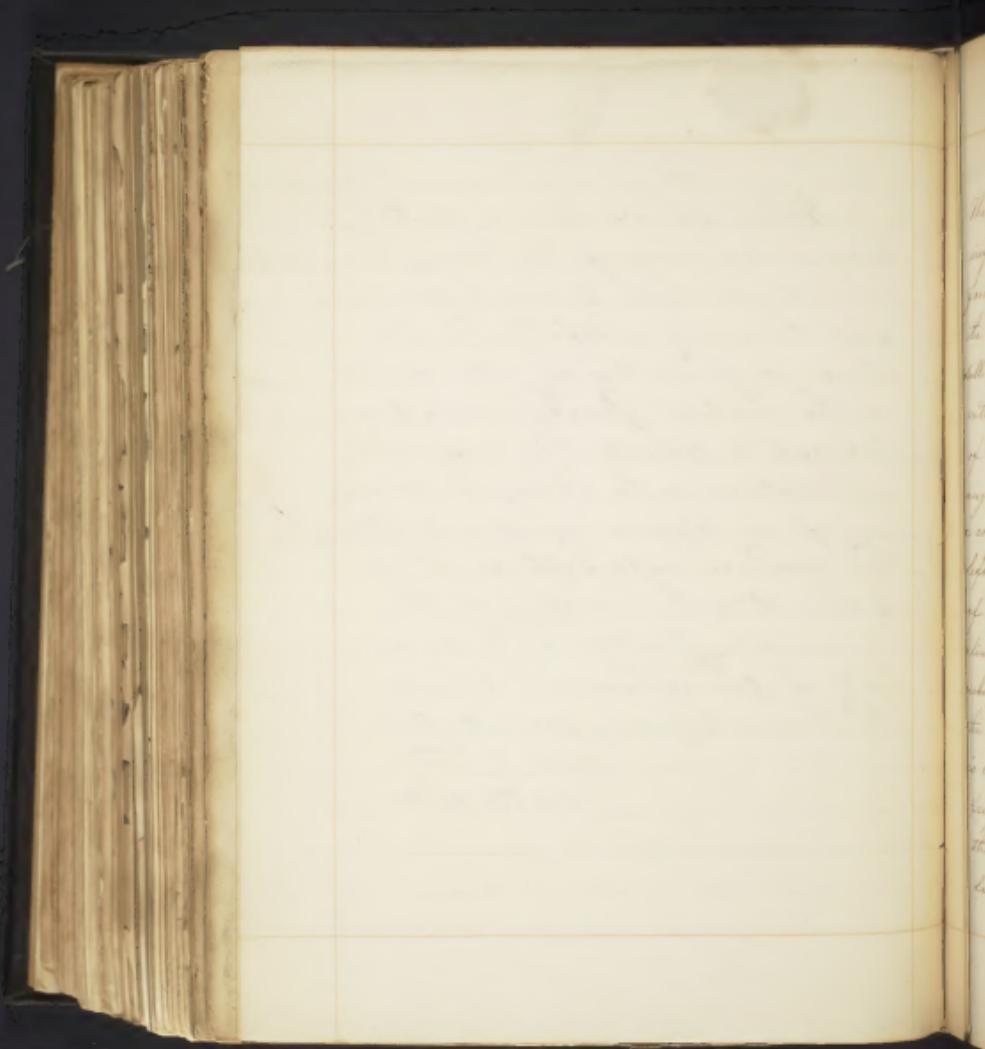
This discourse imperfect as it is, I submit to the inspection of the honourable faculty in the University of Pennsylvania. I have the honour to be sir, your pupil,
and friend.

Edward Kipper



Hepatitis.

The liver is liable to acute and chronic inflammation. The symptoms of the former are chillings, preceding pain in the right side, which is either sharp or dull, alternated the one and the other; extending to the back, scapula, and top of the right shoulder, which is much augmented by pressure; accompanied with a cough, and difficulty in lying on the left side. This is also occasionally the seat of the pain: as the disease advances, the alimentary canal becomes disordered, nausea, vomiting, and vomiting of bilious matter; and the bowels are generally constipated. There is considerable fever with a strong, full, frequent pulse, the skin hot and dry, the tongue is incrusted with a yellowish white fur, anorexia, great thirst,



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headach; after a continuation of the disease for several days the urine, skin and eyes sometimes become tinged of a dull yellow colour. -

The symptoms are not of the same degree of violence in this disease. There are cases in which the fever is very high, in others it is scarcely perceptible.

In some instances the pain is very acute, and violent; in other cases, upon inspection a collection of matter has been found where no pain was perceived. ---

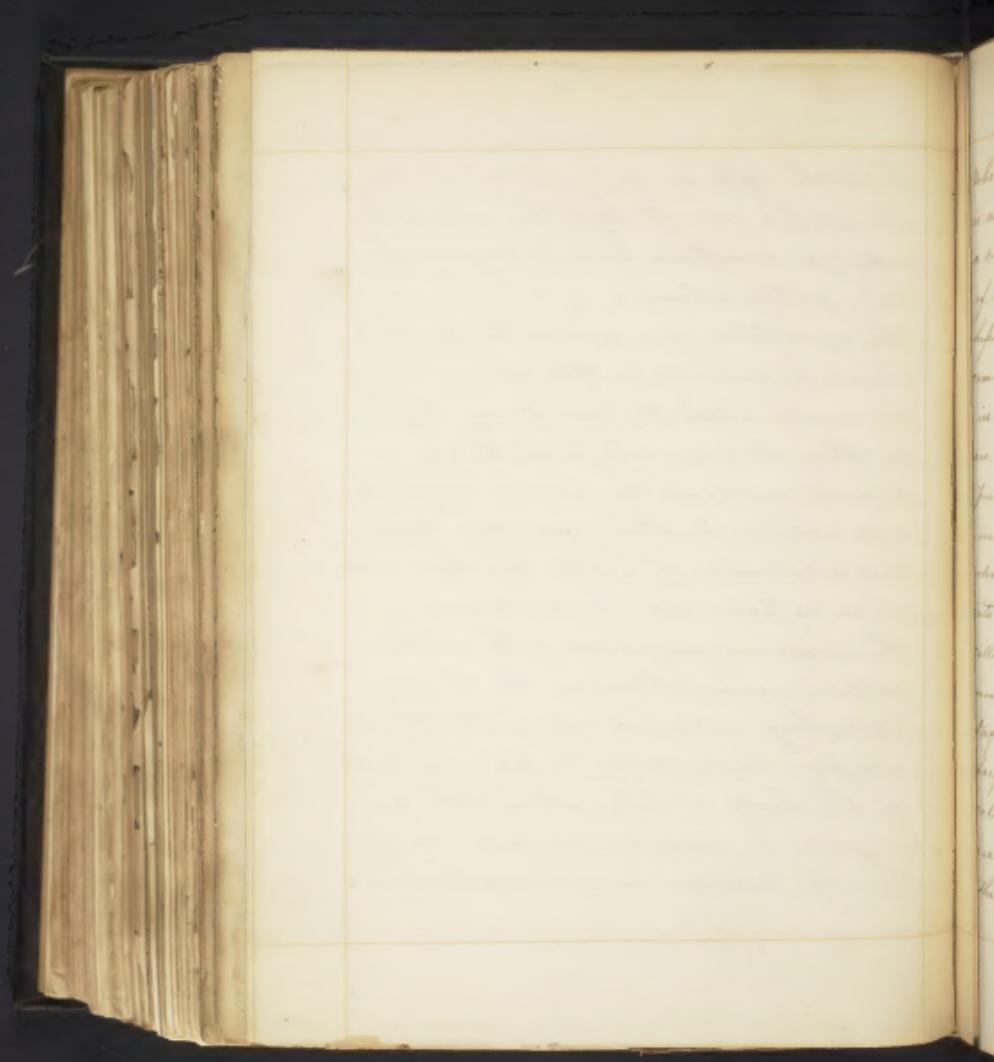
The causes are precipitates of the weather, intemperance, blows on the head, falls, long continued intermittent fevers, excessive heat, and partial exposure of the body to cold, when over fatigued by violent exercise, the latter is the most common cause of the disease.

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when the inflammation is violent there
is more or less disturbance in the pri-
marie caused by an increased excretion
of bile, which is carried through the
hepatic, and cystic ducts into the ductus
communicanscholestorus, which canal empt-
ies into the duodenum: these ducts
are often obstructed by biliary calculi
preventing the excreted fluid which is gen-
erally yellow from passing into the du-
odenum: and thus causing it to be taken
into the circulation, producing a disease
called Sclerous, which is not of rare occ-
urrence in the patitis.

Inflammation of the liver is of more
frequent occurrence in warm than in
cold climates; miasmatic causes
are particularly liable to it.—

The diseases with which hepatitis may



the place where
I have been
for the last two
days - I am
now at home.

Explanation of -





and the first
is a small pale
yellowish flower
with a long style
and a short petiole.

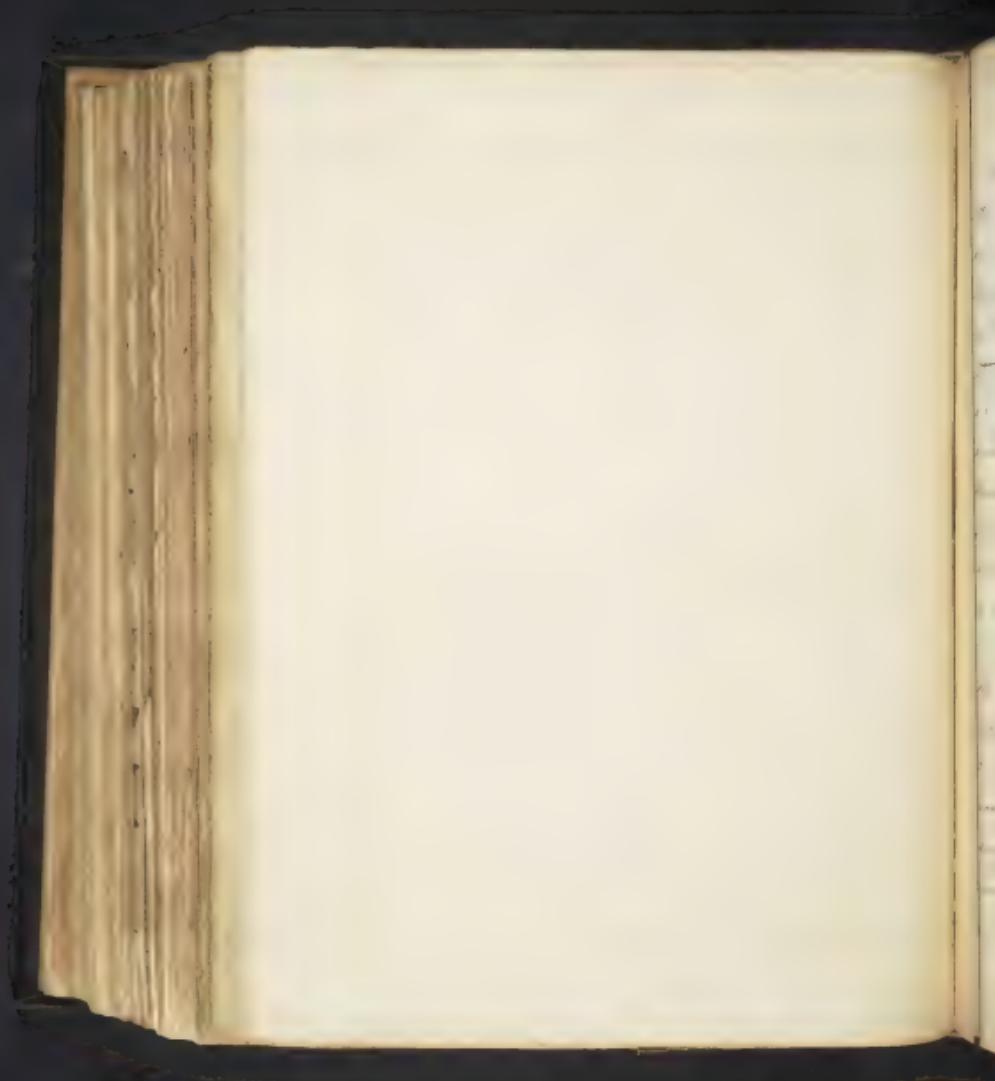
The last flower is
of a deep yellow
color and has a
long petiole.

It is about four inches
in circumference
and has a short petiole.
The flowers are yellow
and have a long style
and a short petiole.

There are two kinds of flowers.



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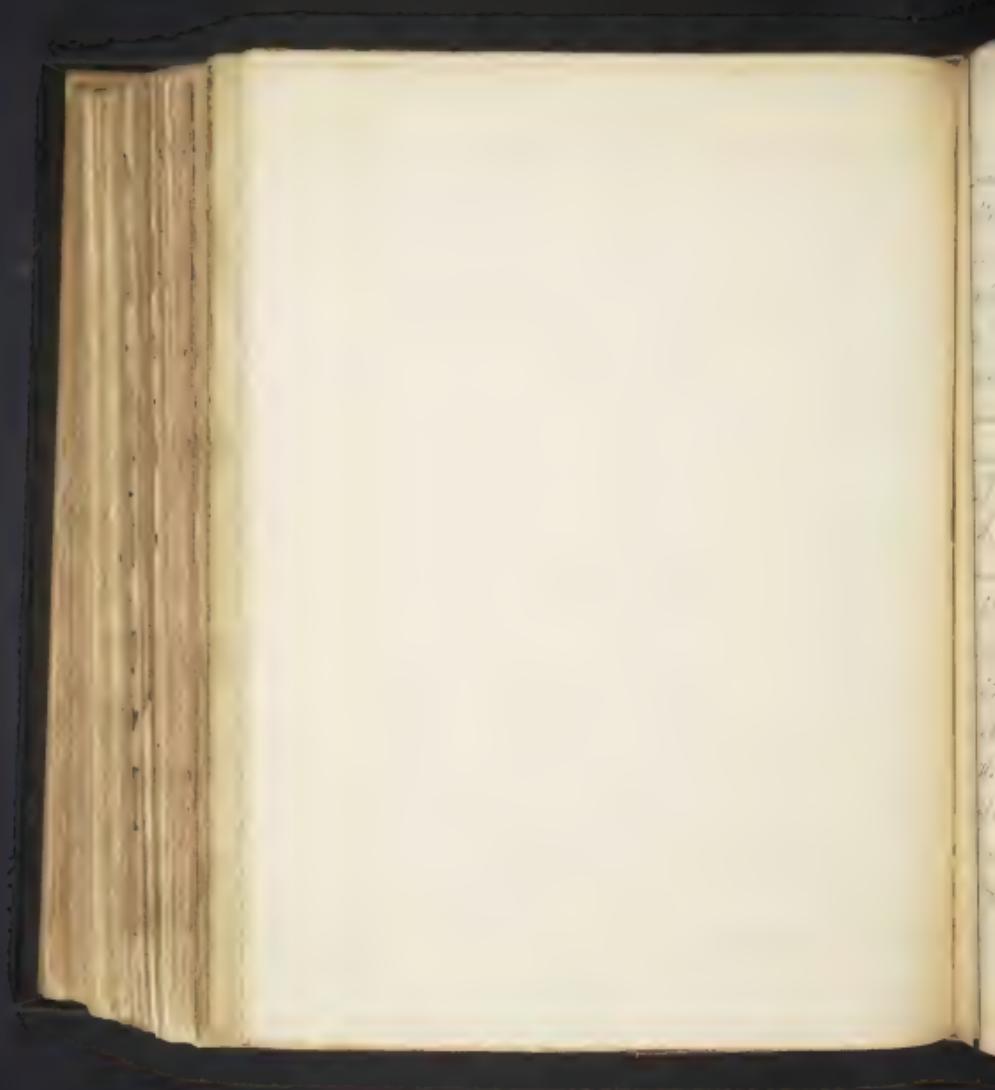


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and I am now
at a hotel in the
City of San
Francisco. I
will be there
about a week
and will be
able to get
a good view
of the city
and the
surrounding
country. I
will also be
able to see
the famous
Golden Gate
Bridge and
the Bay Area.
I will be
able to get
a good view
of the city
and the
surrounding
country. I
will also be
able to see
the famous
Golden Gate
Bridge and
the Bay Area.



and a few more
years he would be
able to make
a good living
from his books
and also from his
lectures.
He has a large
circle of friends
and admirers and
the demand for
his services is great
and increasing.
He has a large
circle of friends
and admirers and
the demand for
his services is great
and increasing.



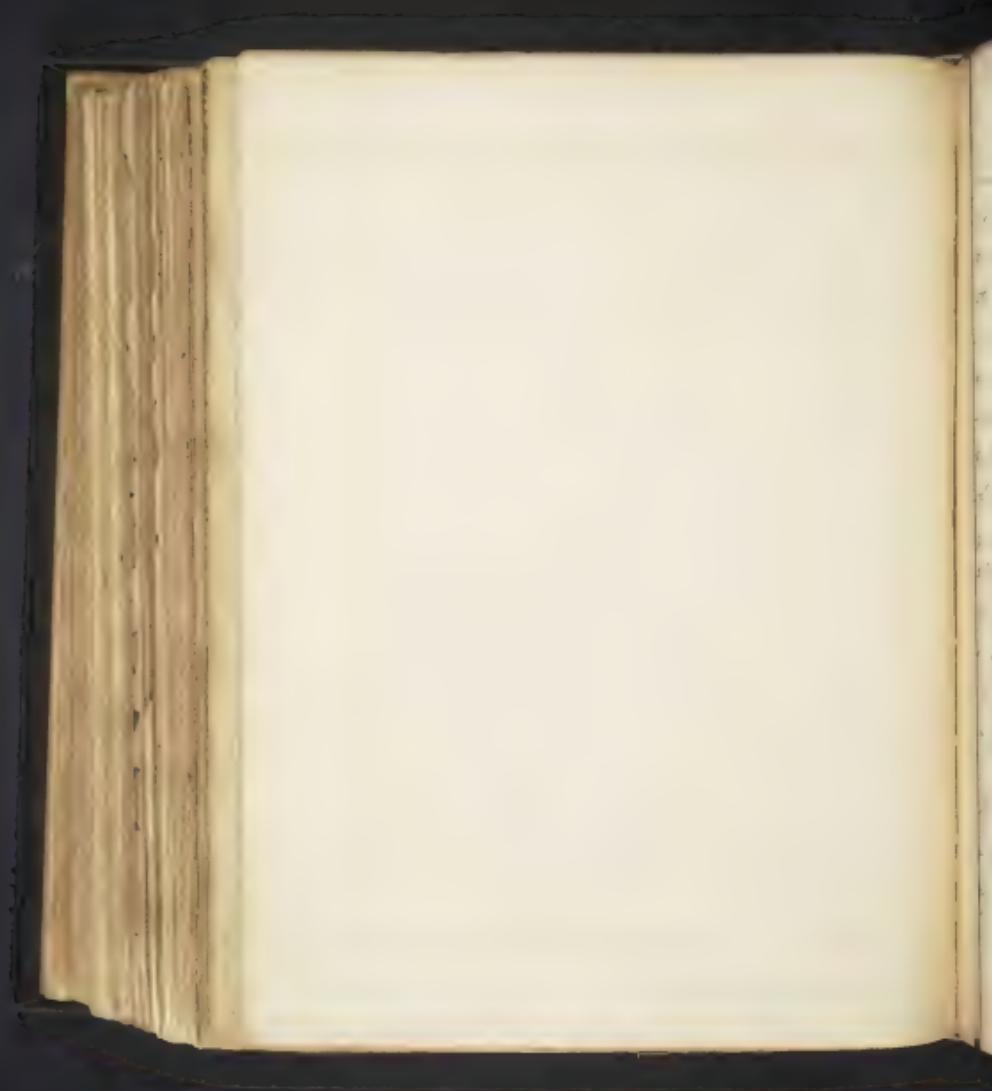
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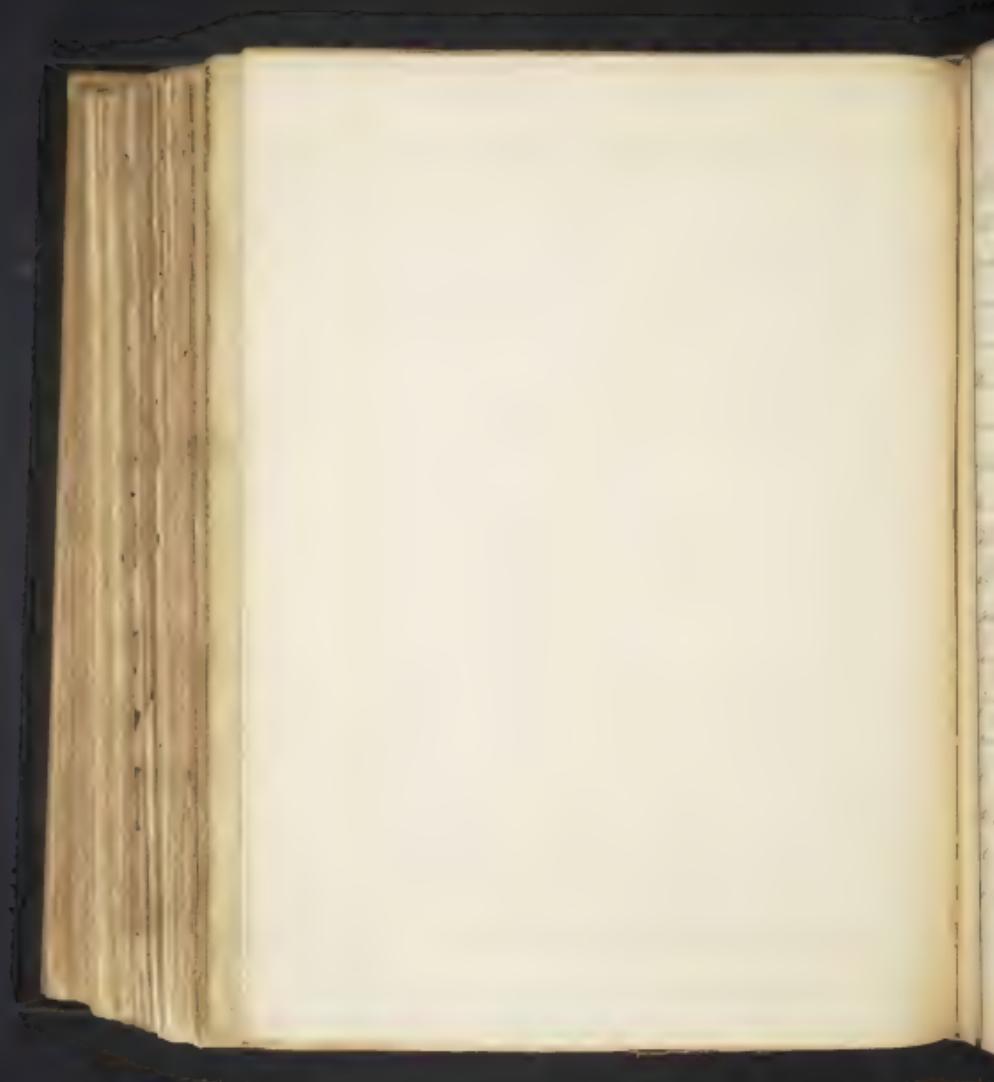




and I have not yet
had time to go into
the same question
in detail, but I
would like to add
a few words to what
I said before. In
the first place, I
do not believe that
there is any such
thing as "absolute
truth." There is
no such thing as
an "absolute truth."
There is no such thing
as "absolute truth."
There is no such thing
as "absolute truth."

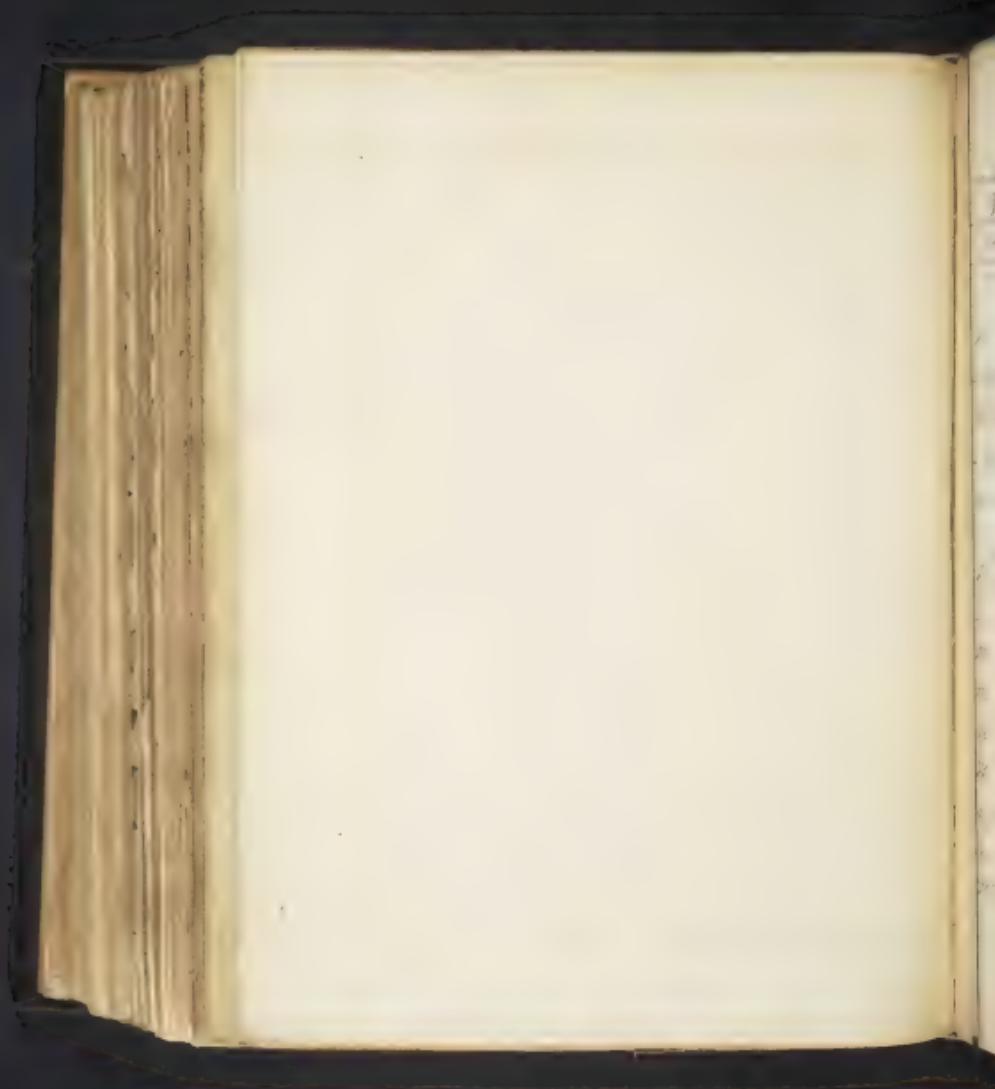
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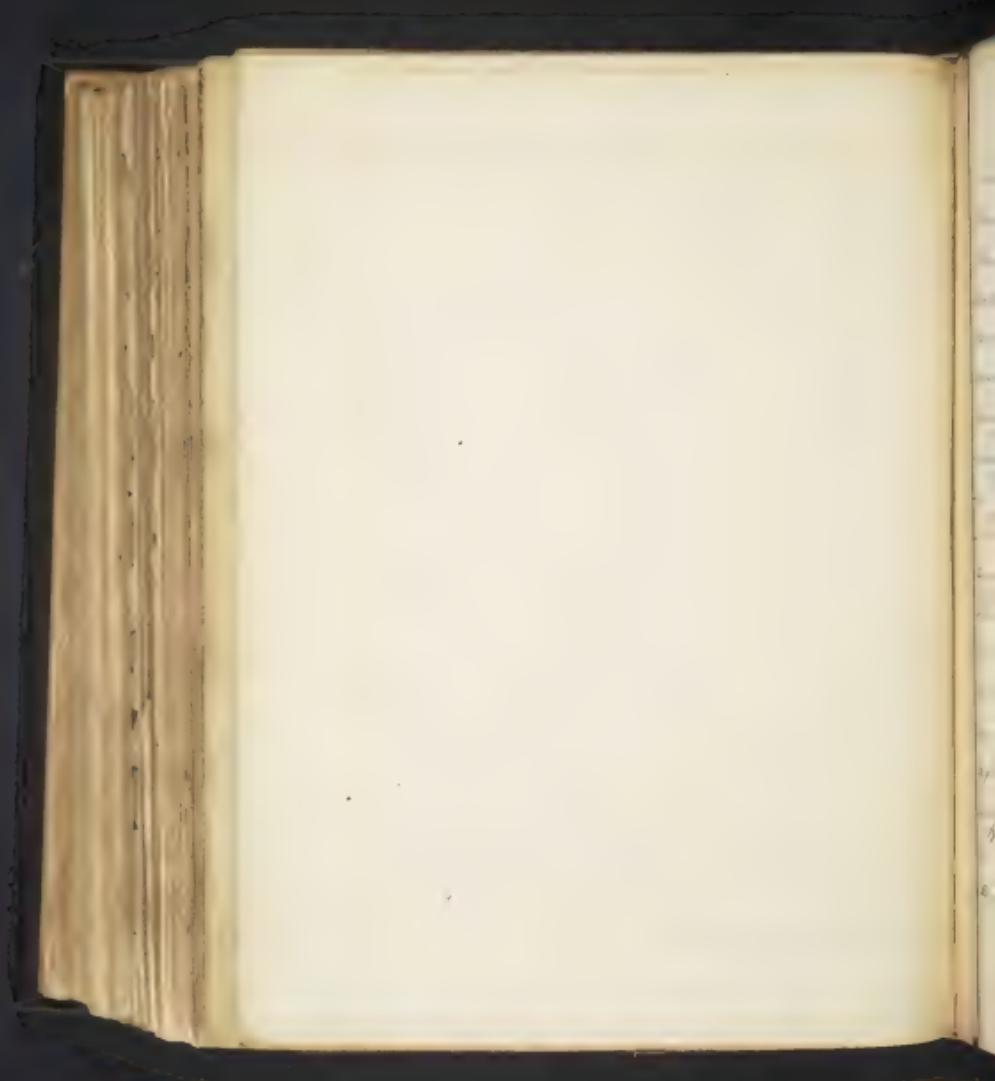


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also a small
I. l. 1.



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the first time
I had seen him
and I was delighted
at his appearance.
He was a tall man,
well proportioned,
with a large head
and a full beard.
He was dressed
in a white coat
and breeches, and
had a wide-brimmed
hat on his head.
He was smiling
and looking at me
with a friendly expression.

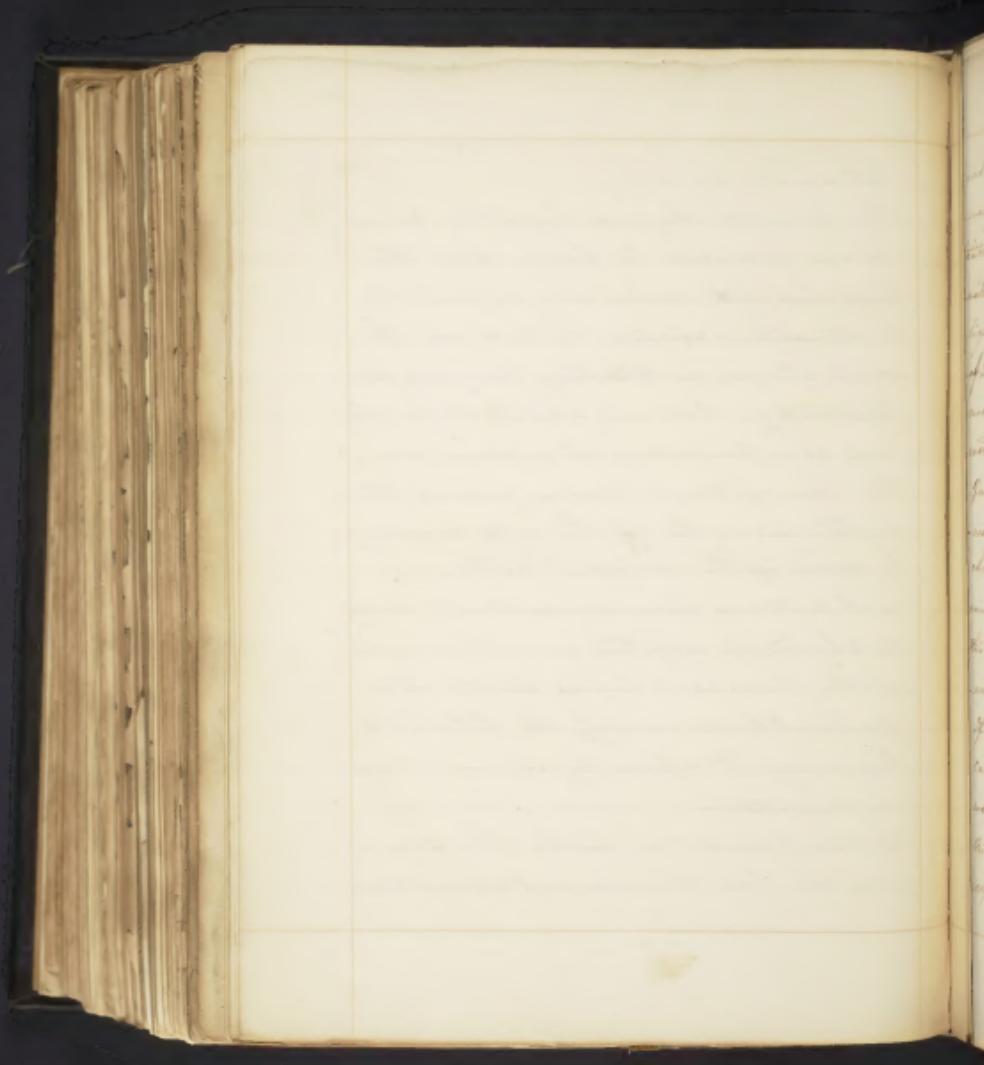


and incipient rashes of the skin; it is generally given in decoction, which is made by ¹ounce of the sliced root in a pint of water down to half a pint; after the liquor is strained add one drachm of extract of Tartar; the dose is one ounce morning, noon, ~~and~~ night; the full grown roots root should be used. --

Gum ammoniac has also been used as a desolit-
uent; one drachm rubbed with half a tea-
spoonful of camphor, and divided into six pills.
are to be taken every morning, and evening;
this is a convenient way of giving the am-
moniac. --

If this course fails, we should resort to
calomel in small doses, as an alternative;
which generally succeeds. --

Nitric acid has of late acquired high
repute with some practitioners, in -



chronic hepatitis: It is given in doses of the amount of two drachms in the day.

The nitro-Mariotte acid is also used; it should be rolled on the thighs, by which means a slight relaxation will sometimes be induced.—

Opium is given to allay pain and protract.

The diet in the acute stage, should be sparing. In the chronic form a more nourishing diet should be allowed.—

